Active constituent	Haloxyfop-R-Methyl Ester 520 g/L			Formulation EC	
Typical situations	Canola, chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lentils, lupins, and legume pastures (see registration section).				
Chemical group	1 (A)				
Mode of action	Foliar uptake, slow upward translocation—inhibits fatty acid production and disrupts growth.				
Typical pack size	10L				
Poison schedule 6	Dangerous goods	class -	UN -	Packing code -	
Withholding period	Harvest Not required when used as directed.				
	Grazing Do not graze or cut for hay for 7 days (pasture) and up to 28 days (crops).				
Plant back	Cereal crops-12 w	eeks.			
Application method	Boom spray 50-150 L/ha, aerially 30 L/ha			Rain fastness 1hr	
Efficacy	Use with adjuvants, higher water rates and small to medium droplets to maximise coverage and optimise results. Apply in good growing conditions to young weeds.				
Adjuvants	Crop oil or non-ionic wetter (see label for specific situations).				
Compatibility	Atrazine, Simazine, Flumetsulam, Clopyralid, Oryzalin, Clethodim, Fluroxypyr, MCPA LVE (up to 700 ml/ha), Chlorpyrifos, Dimethoate, Mancozeb, Omethoate and Trace elements.				
Incompatibility	Phenoxys: 2,4-D and/or MCPA as sodium or amine salts.				
Water quality	Avoid using highly alkaline water (> pH 8)—use tank immediately, do not leave to stand.				
Time to effects and 2 weeks—Reddening centre of leaf, yellowing tips.					
symptoms	6 weeks—Complete mortality.				
4F Broadacre registratio	s Broadleaf crop	s and pasture (extract	listed).		
4F Other registrations	Orchard, vine, and plantation crops (see label).				
Similar product registrat	ons As above.				

Situation	Target Weed/s	Rate/ha	Comments	
Winter crops— canola, chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lentils, lupins, and clover pastures (2–8-leaf only)	Annual ryegrass	75–100ml	Do not apply after 8th leaf stage of the crop or once stern elongation has occurred.	
	Barley grass, brome grass, paradoxa grass, volunteer cereals	50-100ml		
	Wild oats	38-75ml	Only apply once per year.  Don't apply after grazing.  Rates vary if using wetter in the place of crop oil (see label).  Weeds should be 2-leaf to early tillering.	

## Comments

- Application must not occur once stem elongation has begun to ensure accordance with MRLs (Maximum Residue Limits).
- In lupins/pea crops, mixes with Diffufenican or Simazine may cause crop yellowing. Separate applications are recommended.
- Anecdotal evidence suggests Haloxyfop 520 can provide effective grass weed control in serradella pastures at rates up to 75 ml/ha.
- · Do not exceed 1 application per year.

