

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



BROMOXYNIL DIFLUFENICAN
Selective Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS:
250 g/L BROMOXYNIL present as the octanoate
25 g/L DIFLUFENICAN

SOLVENTS: 416 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS
150 g/L N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

GROUP C | F HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals and pastures as specified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT

4 FARMERS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

A.B.N. 51 160 092 428

1 / 70 MCDOWELL STREET, WELSHPOOL, WA 6106

TEL: (08) 9356 3445 www.4farmers.com.au

Batch Number:

Date of Manufacture:

APVMA Approval No: 69929/62079

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT apply if crops or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions

DO NOT apply if crops under stress due to disease or insect damage

DO NOT apply to frost-affected crops or if frosts are imminent

DO NOT apply if heavy rain is expected within 4 hours

DO NOT apply with crop oils (cereals only)

| CROP | WEEDS CONTROLLED | STAGE OF WEED GROWTH | STATE | RATE/HA | CRITICAL COMMENTS | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including cereals undersown with clover and/or lucerne), and these cover crops in vineyards PASTURE Clover and/or lucerne based pasture (newly sown or established) including cover crops in vineyards | Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter and where weed density is less than 50 plants/m ² | WA only | 350 mL | CROP STAGE: Cereals 2 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z12-29) Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 4-8 weeks post-sowing. Warning: 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions) Clover and lucerne Application is recommended prior to the 8th trifoliolate leaf stage. Application can be made from the 1st trifoliolate leaf stage in Qld, NSW, ACT and Vic only. In other States application prior to the 3 leaf stage may result in crop damage if seedlings are under stress and in sandy soils. DO NOT apply to annual medics. Warning: 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may affect growth and seed set of some varieties of clover and lucerne (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions). COVER CROPS IN VINEYARDS: When using vineyard situations, apply during vine dormancy only. Contact with vines must be avoided. Particular care should be taken if applied in late autumn or early spring, when vines may not be fully dormant. WEED STAGE: Apply from early post-emergence. APPLICATION: Apply when weeds are actively growing. Ensure thorough coverage of weeds. Where crop or weed density is high, increase water volume. In most situations the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control. However, under certain conditions such as: • high crop and weed density, • late season germinations, • abnormal weed growth (including early flowering) higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of application specified for that weed) may be required. 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide will not effectively control: • regrowth of suppressed weeds • transplanted weeds • regrowth from rhizomes or roots • weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide applications. • Radish plants beyond rosette stage. WILD RADISH: Effective residual activity of this product may be reduced where: • rates are lower than 1.0L/ha are used; • dry conditions prevail; • poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved; • crop is grown in non-wetting sand; • soils have a high content of clay or organic matter. VOLUNTEER LUPINS: In some situations, the higher rate of 1.0L/ha may be required to effectively suppress volunteer lupins at the 4 leaf stage. #4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide will suppress seedling dock but will not suppress regrowth from transplanted roots. | | | | |
| | Wild Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.) | Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter | All States | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) | Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Canola (Rapeseed), Charlock (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>), Turnip Weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter | | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter | | 1.0L | | | | | |
| | Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter | | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter | | 1.0L | | | | | |
| | Corn Gromwell (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 6 leaf stage | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Climbing Buckwheat (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 4 leaf stage | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane), Rough Poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | 500 mL | | | | | |
| | | Up to 4 leaf stage | | | | | | | |
| | Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Doublegee (Spiny emex) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, WA only | | 500 mL | | | |
| | | Up to 4 leaf stage | | All States | | 750 mL | | | |
| Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Common Peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>), Lesser Spinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Purple Caladrina (Mountain Sorrel), Tree Hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | All States | | 750 mL | | | | | |
| | Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Saffron Thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>) | | Up to 4 leaf stage | 1.0L | | | | | |
| | | | | Ox-tongue (<i>Picris echioides</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | | | |
| | | | | | | Fireweed (<i>Senecio</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, NT only | 500 mL |
| | | | | | | | | Common Cotula (Bird's eye), Pheasants Eye (Adonis) | Up to 4 leaf stage |
| Greater than 4 leaf stage | 1.1 L | | | | | | | | |
| Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye | Fumitory (<i>Fumaria</i>) | 2-6 leaf stage | WA only | 350 + 200 mL/ha terbutryn (500g/L) | | | | | |

| CROP | WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED STAGE | STATE | RATE/HA | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
|---|---|---------------------|------------|----------------|--|--------|
| | SUPPRESSION OF THE FOLLOWING WEEDS | | | | | |
| Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye (including cereals undersown with clover and/or lucerne), and these cover crops in vineyards PASTURE Clover and/or lucerne based pasture (newly sown or established) including cover crops in vineyards | Dense-flower Fumitory (<i>Fumaria densiflora</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | All States | 750 mL | Refer to critical comments from previous table.... | |
| | Chickweed (<i>Stellaria media</i>), Common Sowthistle (Milk thistle), Dock (<i>Rumex</i>), Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot), Prickly Lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>), Scarlet Pimpernel (<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>), Skeleton Weed (<i>Chondrilla juncea</i>), Sorrel (<i>Rumex acetosella</i>), Speedwell (Veronica), Three-horned Bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricornutum</i>), Toad Rush (<i>Juncus bufonius</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | 1.0L | | |
| | Volunteer Lupins (<i>Lupinus angustifolius</i>) | | | 500 mL-1.0L | | |
| | Crassula (Stonecrop) (<i>Crassula</i> spp.) | Up to 5 leaf stage | | 500 mL | | |
| | Long Storkbill (<i>Erodium botrys</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | 750 mL | | |
| | Volunteer Field Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) | Up to 5 node stage | | | | |
| | Ward's Weed (<i>Carrichtera annua</i>) | Up to 5 leaf stage | | 1.0L | | |
| | Vetch (<i>Vicia sativa</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | | | |
| | Mouse-eared Chickweed (<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>) | | | NSW & ACT only | | |
| | Mexican Poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>) | | | | | |
| | Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Spoon Cudweed (<i>Stuartina muelleri</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | NSW & ACT only | | |
| | New Zealand Spinach (<i>Tetragonia tetragonoides</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | Qld only | | 750 mL |
| | Cleavers (<i>Galium aparine</i>) | Up to 1 whorl stage | | SA only | | 1.0L |
| | Ball Mustard (<i>Neslia paniculata</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage | | | | |
| | Horehound (<i>Marubium vulgare</i>) | Pre-emergence | | | | |
| | Marshmallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>) | Up to 2 leaf stage | | | | |

| CROP | WEEDS CONTROLLED | STAGE OF WEED GROWTH | STATE | RATE/HA | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal Rye | Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) | Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter | WA only | 350 mL plus 200 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L) | <p>Refer also to all Critical Comments for cereals above.</p> <p>DO NOT use this tank-mix if cereals are undersown with lucerne or annual medics.</p> <p>DO NOT use this tank-mix in vineyards.</p> <p>CROP STAGE</p> <p>4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide 350 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL;</p> <p>Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30).</p> <p>4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide 500 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL;</p> <p>Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30).</p> <p>4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide 500 mL + MCPA LVE 400 mL;</p> <p>Apply from 5 leaf stage to fully tillered (Zadok's Z15 to Z30).</p> <p>Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 4 – 8 weeks post sowing.</p> <p>Warning: 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. (Refer to “Crop Tolerance” section of General Instructions)</p> <p>Observe instructions also on MCPA LVE product label.</p> |
| | | Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter | All States | 500 mL plus 200 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L) | |
| | | Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter | | 500 mL plus 400 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L) | |

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

HARVEST: CEREALS, GRAPES – NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

GRAZING: PASTURE, CEREALS – DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD WITHIN 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This product is a post-emergence contact herbicide, which may provide residual control of wild radish up to 4 weeks after application.
- Apply 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide Selective Herbicide immediately after mixing. Do not allow to stand in the spray tank overnight.
- Optimum results will be obtained if good soil moisture exists at and after application and weeds are not stressed.
- Some pre-emergence herbicides, such as atrazine, can cause stress to certain crops resulting in an increase in crop damage when using this product. Crops which are particularly sensitive are lucerne and subterranean clover.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP C F HERBICIDE

4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide Selective Herbicide is a member of the nitrile and nicotinanilide groups of herbicides. 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide is an inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II and carotenoid biosynthesis. For weed resistance management, 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide is a Group C, F herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide and other Group C, F herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide or other Group C, F herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Temperature warning

Do not apply 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide if frosts are imminent. Frost causes stress on crops and weeds and could result in increased crop effects and/or decreased weed control. To ensure good results 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide should only be applied once the weeds and crops are no longer under stress from the frost conditions.

Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as increased crop damage may result.

CROP TOLERANCE

Cereals

After application some transient crop yellowing may occur. This usually appears as yellow or white banding on leaves. Provided the crop is not under stress from pre-emergent herbicide, root disease, insect damage, frost, dry or excessively moist conditions, the development of the crop and subsequent growth will be unaffected.

Lucerne

Warning: The tolerance of lucerne varieties to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliolate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred.

Under normal growing conditions, the following lucerne varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance of 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha: Hunter River, Nova and Dekalb 185. Varieties not listed should be tested before using 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide over large areas.

Consult your local 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd representative for advice on specific varieties.

Subterranean Clover

Warning: The tolerance of subterranean clover varieties to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with an initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliolate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred.

Under normal growing conditions, the following varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha: Daliak, Dalkeith, Denmark, Goulburn, Karridale, Leura, Mt Barker, Nungarin, Rosedale, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup.

The variety Junee has shown increased sensitivity to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide so care should be taken if this variety is part of the pasture sward. The effects of 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide on subterranean clover seed yield have been tested on the following varieties. Under normal growing conditions they show acceptable levels of tolerance to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha. However, higher rates may reduce seed yield under conditions of low weed pressure: Denmark, Goulburn, Larissa, Nungarin, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup.

Varieties not listed should be tested before using 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide over large areas. Consult your local 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd representative for advice on specific varieties.

Other Clovers

Warning: The tolerance of clover varieties to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and

suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliolate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred. The effect on seed yield of other clovers has not been determined.

The following varieties of clover have shown increased sensitivity to 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide:

Big Bee, Sacromonte (Berseem), Hafia (White), Zulu (Arrowleaf), Kyambro, Lupers and Maral (Pedrsian).

Care should be excercised if these clovers are part of the pasture sward.

Varieties not listed should be tested before using 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide over large areas.

Consult your local 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd representative for advice on specific varieties.

Subsequent Crops

To reduce effect of subsequent susceptible crops (e.g. canola), ensure thorough cultivation of soil prior to the sowing of these crops.

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly while carrying out spray operations. Reseal part-used container immediately after use.

APPLICATION

Boom Sprayer

A minimum of 50L water/ha should be used, however, for optimum results water rates of 70-100L/ha are recommended. Increase the water volume where weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense. Complete coverage of weeds is essential. Higher water volumes (up to 100L/ha) will ensure faster activity of the product on the weeds but may increase the symptoms of crop damage.

The following settings are examples which will ensure excellent coverage of exposed weeds:

| Water Rate | 50 L/ha | 75 L/ha | 75 L/ha |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Nozzle | Hardi No. 10 or equivalent | Hardi No. 12 or equivalent | Hadri No. 14 or equivalent |
| Speed | 10 km/h | 10 km/h | 12 km/h |
| Pressure | 240 kPa (2.4 bar) | 220 kPa (2.2 bar) | 210 kPa (2.2 bar) |

Controlled Droplet Application (CDA)

Insufficient information is available to recommend the application of this product by CDA.

Warning: The rubber components present in some spraying units may be affected by exposure to the solvents in 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide. To reduce this risk it is recommended that the spray unit be thoroughly washed with a boom cleaner and fresh water after use.

Aircraft

Insufficient is available to recommend the application of this product by air.

COMPATIBILITY

The following herbicide products are physically compatible with 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide as two way mixtures in the spray tank, but should only be used for the crops specified, and only when the crop is also specified on the label of the compatible product:

(See below for the list of compatible insecticides.)

| Crop | 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide | Compatible Product |
|---|--|---|
| Wheat, triticale, cereal rye (including undersown) | Up to 750 mL/ha | Diclofop-methyl (barley also), Diclofopo-methyl + fenoxypop-p-ethyl (barley also), Fenoxypop-p-ethyl (wild oats only, high rate). |
| Wheat, barley, tritiale, cereal rye (including undersown) | All rates | Flumetsulam |
| Wheat, barley, tritiale, cereal rye (including undersown) | Up to 500 mL/ha | Metsulfuron-methyl, Chlorsulfuron, MCPA LVE (500 g/L product) (up to 500 mL/ha only) |
| | All rates | 2,4D amine 500, Metosulam, Dicamba (up to 115 g only), Clopyralid |
| Wheat only (not undersown) | | Cloquintocet-mexyl + clodinafop-propargyl |
| Established lucerne only | Up to 750 mL/ha | Simazine (500 g/L product) (up to 1.25 L/ha only) and simazine (500 g/L)/paraquat (200 g/L) mixture |
| Newly sown and established lucerne and clover only | Up to 750 mL/ha | Quizalafop-p-ethyl, Fluazifop-p, 2,4DB amine (500 g/L) |
| | Up to 1.0L/ha | Flumetsulam |

When mixing 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide with other herbicides, crop yellowing may be enhanced.

When mixing with diclofop-methyl, diclofop-methyl + fenoxaprop-p-ethyl or fenoxaprop-p-ethyl some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products may occur.

When mixing with quizalafop-p-ethyl or fluazifop-p some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products and 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide may occur.

In tank-mixtures with metsulfuron-methyl and chlorsulfuron, rates of 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide higher than 500 mL/ha may cause significant crop damage.

If the crop is stressed, the application of the herbicide tank-mixture may cause yield reduction.

When mixing with dicamba a temporary wilting may be evident in some crops after application.

The mixture of 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide and simazine should be applied during winter to lucerne which is not actively growing. This mixture may result in an increased crop effect but this can be reduced if the lucerne is grazed or cut before spraying.

DO NOT mix 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide with Verdict®.

Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties.

This product may be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following insecticides according to the directions for the insecticide product: chlorpyrifos, deltamethrin, dimethoate, alpha-cypermethrin, omethoate and bifenthrin.

Use the recommended rates for 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide and its tank-mix partner as well as the surfactant recommendation of the tank-mix partner. Read the label of the tank-mix partner before mixing and using the tank mixture. If another herbicide is applied as a tank mix, observe the plantback restrictions on the label.

Warning: DO NOT use crop oils with 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide or 4Farmers Bromoxynil Diflufenican Selective Herbicide tank mixtures in cereals.

As formulations of other manufacturers’ products are beyond the control of 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Wash sprayer thoroughly after use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

(20L only)

Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. **DO NOT** burn empty containers or product.

(110L returnable containers)

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

If tamper evident seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of the contents cannot be assured. Empty container by pumping through dry-break connection system. Do not attempt to breach the valve system or the filling point, or contaminate with water or other products. Ensure that the coupler, pump, meter and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained after each use. When empty, or contents no longer required, return the container to the point of purchase. This container remains the property of 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd.

(100L containers)

If tamper evident seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of the contents cannot be assured. The container must be vented before discharging contents. To empty, connect a camlock fitted hose to the bottom valve. Remove top cap when discharging for venting purposes. When the container is empty, close all caps and valves and return the container to the point of purchase.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid inhaling spray mist. When preparing spray wear elbow length PVC gloves and face-shield. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poison Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information please refer to the Safety Data Sheet. For a copy visit our website at www.4farmers.com.au

EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd and/or its affiliates (“4Farmers”) shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on 4Farmer’s skill or judgement in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely No representative of 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

| | |
|---|---|
| In a Transport Emergency Dial 000 Police or Fire Brigade | Special Poisons Advice: 13 11 26 |
|---|---|